

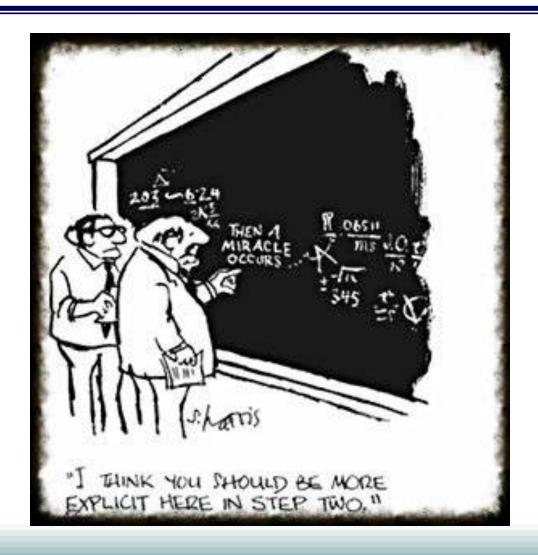
Rigor & Reproducibility in Research

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Defining Key Concepts



Reproducibility: Ability to achieve consistent results using the same data and methods

Replicability: Ability to achieve consistent results using new data but similar methods

Rigor: Strict application of the scientific method to ensure robust and unbiased results

R&R Challenges



Bias

Poor data management



Historical Context

Early Milestones (2005-2019)

2005 – "Why Most Published Research Findings Are False." John Ioannidis' PLOS Medicine essay puts the issue on the map and sparks a decade-long debate about statistical power, bias and false positives. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pmed.0020124

2011 – Bayer audit. Company finds just **14/67 (≈21 %)** high-profile target-validation papers reproducible. Nat Rev Drug Discovery calls it a "wake-up call." https://www.nature.com/articles/nrd3439-c1

2012 – Amgen/Begley & Ellis replication attempt. Amgen scientists can confirm findings in only **6/53 (11 %)** landmark oncology papers; commentary in *Nature* urges tougher standards. https://www.nature.com/articles/483531a

2015 – Economic scale revealed. Freedman et al. estimate **US \$28 B/year** wasted on irreproducible U.S. pre-clinical work; *Nature* news story amplifies to policymakers and media. https://journals.plos.org/plosbiology/article?id=10.1371%2Fjournal.pbio.1002165

2019 – National Academies Report. Landmark consensus study ("Reproducibility and Replicability in Science") urges agencies to fund confirmatory studies, reward open data and reform incentives.

https://nap.nationalacademies.org/catalog/25303/reproducibility-and-replicability-in-science



Historical Context

Growing Federal Emphasis & Policy Action(2013-2023)

2013 – First OSTP Public-Access Directive. Obama-era memo tells ≥\$100 M R&D agencies to draft free-access plans, laying the groundwork for transparency and data-sharing norms. https://www.wired.com/2013/03/want-to-know-what-scientists-are-doing-with-your-money-soon-you-will-be-able-to/

2014 – "Principles & Guidelines for Reporting Pre-clinical Research." NIH, Nature, *Science* and 30+ journals adopt common check-lists for blinding, randomization, power calculations and full-methods sections. https://grants.nih.gov/policy-and-compliance/policy-topics/reproducibility/principles-guidelines-reporting-preclinical-research

2016 – NIH "Rigor & Transparency" Rule (NOT-OD-16-011). Grant reviewers must score study design rigor, sex-as-a-biological-variable, and authentication plans; new attachment required in every application. https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/not-od-16-011.html

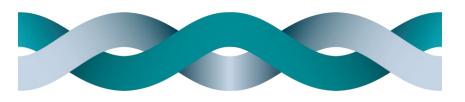
2023 – NIH Data Management & Sharing Policy. All NIH-funded projects must budget for, and deposit, FAIR data; compliance is a term-of-award requirement. https://sharing.nih.gov/data-management-and-sharing-policy-overview#after

2022 – OSTP "Nelson Memo." Requires *immediate* open-access to every federally-funded article and its underlying data by 2026, reinforcing transparency as a cornerstone of rigor. https://www.axios.com/2022/08/25/white-house-federal-funded-research-public



Scope of the problem

Scope of Estimate	Figure	What is counted	Source
U.S. pre-clinical life-science research	~ \$28 B/yr	Direct spending on animal & cell-based discovery work whose findings later prove irreproducible (≈50 % failure rate model)	https://journals.plos.org/plosbiology/article?id=10.1371/journal.pbio.1002165
Global health & medical research (all stages)	~\$170 B/yr	85 % of the ≈ \$200 billion world-wide health- research budget lost through poorly chosen questions, avoidable design flaws, non- publication and unusable reports	https://blogs.bmj.com/bmj/2016 /01/14/paul-glasziou-and-iain- chalmers-is-85-of-health- research-really-wasted/
Biomedical R&D – industry perspective	~ \$38 B/year (£28B/yr)	Company spending diverted by irreproducible academic findings that seed drug programs later abandoned in pre-clinical or Phase I	https://www.ddw- online.com/spotlight-tackling- the-issue-of-scientific-data- waste-15522-202202/
Bad research antibodies (U.S. subset)	~ \$350 M/yr	Reagents that fail specificity/validation tests, producing misleading data and cascading experimental waste	https://www.tandfonline.com/d oi/full/10.1080/19420862.2024. 2323706



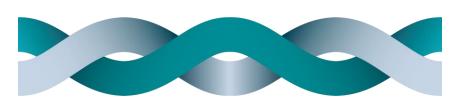
Consequences

Economic costs

Human impact

Erosion of Public Trust





Case Stud -Questionable data

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Amyloid-β Hypothesis: Rigor, Reprodi

RETRACTED ARTICLE: A specific amyloid-\$ protein 2006 Nature Callette 3 letters 3 let

Letter | Published: 16 March 2006 Schwie Lezek, May Tara Koh, Linda Kollingi, Raker Kanes, Charles G. Glabe, April Para Lezek assembly in the brain impairs memory in mice

study was cited grants and drug

Collegior & Koren H. Ashe El Nature 440, 352-357 (2006) | Cita this atticle 75k Accesses | 1788 Almetric | Matrica This article was retracted on 24 June 2024 July 2022 - Science

western blots; mu disclosure

for Getting It Wrong



Cascade of failed clinical trials

Amyloid-β Hypothesis: Rigor, Reproducibility — and the Bill for Getting It Wrong

1995-2022 ≥ 250 amyloid-targeting agents entered the clinic; ~95 % failed in Phase II/III. Private out-of-pocket expense is estimated at \$42.5 billion (1995-2021), exclusive of public funding

Each late-stage failure consumes 5-10 years, thousands of human participants, and hundreds of millions of dollars, and diverts attention from alternative hypotheses (tau, neuroinflammation, vascular)



Ongoing public funding skew

Amyloid-β Hypothesis: Rigor, Reproducibility — and the Bill for Getting It Wrong

FY 2022 NIH investment that mentioned "amyloid" \approx \$1.6 billion—~40 % of the institute's Alzheimer's portfolio.

Heavy reliance on one mechanistic model distorts federal priorities; other avenues receive comparatively little rigor testing or seed support



Gatekeeping and publication bias

Amyloid-β Hypothesis: Rigor, Reproducibility — and the Bill for Getting It Wrong

Investigative reports describe a tight network of reviewers steering journals and study sections toward amyloid work and rejecting dissenting results

https://www.statnews.com/2019/06/25/alzheimers-cabal-thwarted-progress-toward-cure/

Lack of viewpoint diversity reduces the self-correcting power of science, letting weak data propagate unchecked



Opportunity cost to patients

Amyloid-β Hypothesis: Rigor, Reproducibility — and the Bill for Getting It Wrong

Two monoclonal antibodies (aducanumab, lecanemab) have gained restricted FDA approval; aducanumab withdrawn Nov 1, 2024; per Biogen clinical study results, no confirmatory benefit – development terminated

Clinical benefit is modest and safety controversial

Treatments aimed at symptom relief, prevention

Non-amyloid targets lag years behind



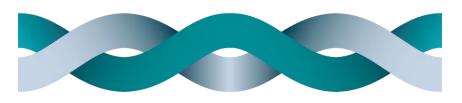


Amyloid-β Hypothesis: Rigor, Reproducibility — and the Bill for Getting It Wrong

Single high-impact paper can set an entire field's agenda — robust image-forensics and routine replication of "too-good-to-be-true" animal data are essential before large-scale translation

Portfolio diversity mitigates systematic error - funding agencies need explicit balance tests so no hypothesis dominates solely through legacy momentum

Transparent raw data & blots. Had original images been openly archived, the fabrication might have been caught before billions were spent



Erosion of Trust





Modern Medical Science Conspiracies that Conflict with Evidence

mRNA vaccines change your DNA." CDC states they do not alter DNA; https://archive.cdc.gov/www cdc gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/facts.html

"Ivermectin cures COVID-19." Updated Cochrane review: no evidence supporting prevention or treatment benefit. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35726131/

"COVID vaccines cause infertility." Multiple health bodies and reviews refute this recurring claim.

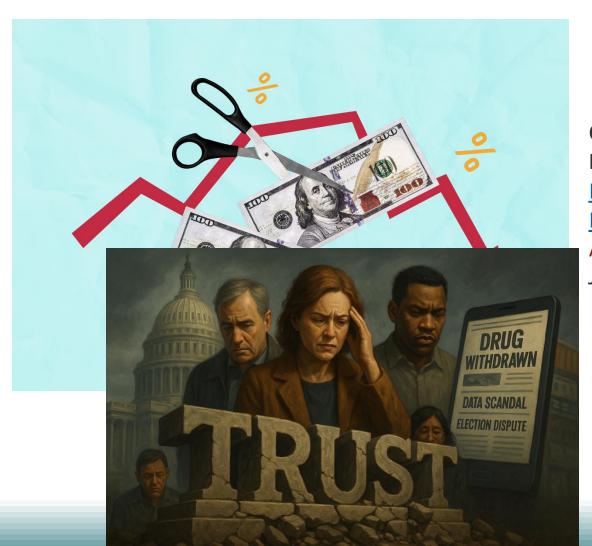
https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0264410X24000562

"Hydroxychloroquine works for COVID-19." NIH halted its trial for lack of benefit, and FDA revoked EUA. https://www.nih.gov/news-events/news-releases/nih-halts-clinical-trial-hydroxychloroquine





Gulf Coast Consortia



Characterization of Research Grant Terminations at the National Institutes of Health

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Author Affiliations Article Information

JAMA. Published online May 8, 2025. doi:10.1001/jama.2025.7707

~ \$1,8B



Weekly terminated NIH Grants Report



ELECTION DISPUTE

~3,000 grants terminated (at any point) → ~7.5B (5/20/25) - \$9.5B (6/30/25

~1,900 remain terminated \rightarrow ~\$2.15B

https://grant-witness.us/

~ \$2,15B



Where are we now?

- Reorganization of HHS (FDA/CDC/NIH)
- Some HHS policies reduced public-comment/transparency requirements https://www.cbsnews.com/news/rfk-jr-transparency-policy-medicaid-nih/
- So far, NIH's Rigor and Transparency policy framework (scientific premise, rigorous design, sex as a biological variable, authentication of key resources) remains in force and is reflected in current CSR reviewer guidance



Threats to R&R Moving Forward

- Industrialized fraud (paper mills) & rising retractions
- Generative-Al fabrication (text, images, "data")
- Publication bias (over-representation of positive results) & p-hacking incentives
- Policy/organizational instability; Large-scale staffing cuts/reorganizations and reduced transparency may erode scientific capacity, oversight, and morale—indirect risks to rigor
- Opaque/proprietary methods, data, and code; Even with Nelson-memo-driven access to publications/data, uneven methods/code sharing and privacy/IP constraints still limit reproducibility





WE MUST DO BETTER.

How?



The DOGE Rigor & Reproducibility Innovation Challenge

You've been appointed to lead DOGE's Biomedical Research Efficiency Task Force. In this high-stakes mission, you must:

1.<u>Turbocharge Rigor</u>: Design a low-cost pilot program that directly tackles a reproducibility or transparency gap (e.g. centralized raw-data repositories, peer-to-peer protocol audits).

3. <u>Submit</u> your strategy by email to <u>anm15@rice.edu</u>





The University Rigor & Reproducibility Innovation Challenge

You've been tapped by your academic institution's leadership to spearhead a new Research Excellence Task Force. In this campus-wide competition, your mission is to:

- 1.<u>Elevate Research Rigor</u>: Propose a low-cost pilot initiative (≤ \$50 K/year) that tackles a specific reproducibility or transparency gap on campus
- 3. Submit your two-pronged strategy by email to anm15@rice.edu

